How to Install and use the National Semiconductor LM741 OpAmp Subcircuit Model in LTspice Netlists

Let's suppose you want to simulate the circuit shown in Figure 1, with a realistic (non-ideal) model for the LM741 operational amplifier.



Figure 1

LTspice doesn't include a model for the LM741operational amplifier, so I'll start by doing an internet search for "LM741 SPICE model". Several possibilities are found. Among them is a link to the Texas Instruments website for a model that was developed by National Semiconductor, as shown in Figure 2. (National Semiconductor became the "Silicon Valley" division of Texas Instruments in 2011.) On the TI site it's called a PSpice model, but that doesn't matter because LTspice and PSpice use the same structure and syntax for such models, as do virtually all SPICE-based simulators.



Figure 2

Clicking on this link takes you to <u>http://www.ti.com/product/LM741/toolssoftware</u> (See Figure 3.), where you can download a compressed file named **snom211.zip** that contains the file we really want – **LM741.MOD** – a SPICE model file.



Design kits & evaluation modules (1) Figure 3 Download and extract/unzip the file. Note that once it's unzipped, it's a SPICE model file with extension MOD (See Figure 4.).



Now you can examine its content – it's a text file, so you can use Notepad – and you'll see that the model is defined as a SPICE subcircuit called LM741/NS (See Figure 5.).

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						, , , , , , ,			
*LM741 OPERATIONAL	AMPL	IFI	ER M	ACRO	-MODEL				
*/////////////////////////////////////	////	///.	////	////	///////	//////	////	///	////
* connections:	non	-in	vert	ing	input				
*	Ι	in	vert	ing	input				
*	I	Ι	po	siti	ve powe	r supp	ly		
*	I	Ι		ne	gative	power	supp	ly	
*	I	Ι			outpu	t			
*	I	Ι							
*	I	Ι							
.SUBCKT LM741/NS	1	2	99	50	28				
*Features:									
*Improved performan	ice o	ver	ind	ustr	y stand	ards			
*Dlug_in renlecemen	t for	ь. I.	סחלא	I M 2	01 MC14	30 749	2		
			Fig	ure 5	5				

Since it's a <u>sub</u>circuit description, copy the file **LM741.MOD** to the folder ...**\Documents\LTspiceXVII\lib\sub**\ on your computer.

Now you've made the LM741 opamp a permanent part of your LTspice component library, and you're ready to create a netlist and do the simulation. First, label everything as you normally would – my labels are shown in Figure 6 – and then write the netlist required for the simulation. Note how I have added two voltage sources so as to bias the opamp properly, but they are not shown connected directly to the device in order to make the diagram neater than might be otherwise expected. The fact that the node numbers for the bias sources and the terminal connections on the opamp itself are the same means that LTspice will interpret them as being physically connected together.



Figure 6

My netlist is shown in Figure 7.

* Q:\LTspi .include LI V+ 4	ce∖My S M741.MC 0	tuff\LM7 D DC	741 Op4	Amp 1	Inverter.cir	
V- 5 X1 0 Vin 1 Rf 2 Rin 1 RL 3 .op .end	0 2 0 3 2 0	DC 4 DC 40k 10k 100k	-15 5 1	3	LM741/NS	



Note:

- 1. Inclusion of the ".include LM741.MOD" directive to tell LTspice where to look for the LM741 subcircuit model, and
- 2. The opamp requires five node connections, as shown in Figure 8.

```
*LM741 OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER MACRO-MODEL
connections:
              non-inverting input
                 inverting input
                    positive power supply
               I
                 I
                       negative power supply
               I
                 I
                          output
                       L
                          I
                    I
                       *
              I
                 Т
                       SUBCKT LM741/NS
                    99
                       50
                         28
              1
                 2
*Features:
*Improved performance over industry standards
*Dlug_in replacement for IM700 IM201 MC1430 748
```

The corresponding output is shown in Figure 9.

Operating Point					
V(4): V(5): V(2): V(3): V(1): I(R1): I(Rf): I(Vin): I(V-): I(V+): Ix(1:1): Ix(1:2): Ix(1:29): Ix(1:50): Ix(1:28):	$15 \\ -15 \\ 0.00102008 \\ -3.99082 \\ 1 \\ -3.99082e-05 \\ 9.9898e-05 \\ 9.97961e-05 \\ -9.9898e-05 \\ 0.00179686 \\ -0.001657 \\ 5.77868e-08 \\ 1.01929e-07 \\ 0.001657 \\ -0.00179686 \\ 0.000139704 \\ \end{array}$	<pre>voltage voltage voltage voltage device_current device_current device_current device_current device_current device_current subckt_current subckt_current subckt_current subckt_current subckt_current</pre>			



As mentioned earlier, now that you have the LM741 model installed, you'll have it available to use in other simulations at any time in the future.

This method of installation will work for virtually any device model you may download (or develop yourself). Most manufacturers have such models available for download from their website.

FYI, the complete content of the LM741.MOD file is shown in Figure 10.

You might also find the LT-wiki Components Library and Circuits useful for other applications.

```
*LM741 OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER MACRO-MODEL
* connections:
             non-inverting input
              inverting input
                 | positive power supply
              | negative power supply
              | | | output
              _____
.SUBCKT LM741/NS
             1 2 99 50 28
*
*Features:
*Improved performance over industry standards
*Plug-in replacement for LM709, LM201, MC1439, 748
*Input and output overload protection
IOS 2 1 20N
*^Input offset current
R1 1 3 250K
R2 3 2 250K
I1 4 50 100U
R3 5 99 517
R4 6 99 517
Q1 5 2 4 QX
Q2 6 7 4 QX
*Fp2=2.55 MHz
C4 5 6 60.3614P
I2 99 50 1.6MA
*^Quiescent supply current
EOS 7 1 POLY(1) 16 49 1E-3 1
*Input offset voltage.^
R8 99 49 40K
R9 49 50 40K
********OUTPUT VOLTAGE LIMITING*******
V2 99 8 1.63
D1 9 8 DX
D2 10 9 DX
V3 10 50 1.63
EH 99 98 99 49 1
G1 98 9 5 6 2.1E-3
*Fp1=5 Hz
R5 98 9 95.493MEG
C3 98 9 333.33P
```

```
*
*Fp=30 MHz
G3 98 15 9 49 1E-6
R12 98 15 1MEG
C5 98 15 5.3052E-15
*******COMMON-MODE ZERO STAGE*******
*
*Fpcm=300 Hz
G4 98 16 3 49 3.1623E-8
L2 98 17 530.5M
R13 17 16 1K
*
F6 50 99 POLY(1) V6 450U 1
E1 99 23 99 15 1
R16 24 23 25
D5 26 24 DX
V6 26 22 0.65V
R17 23 25 25
D6 25 27 DX
V7 22 27 0.65V
V5 22 21 0.18V
D4 21 15 DX
V4 20 22 0.18V
D3 15 20 DX
L3 22 28 100P
RL3 22 28 100K
*
*
.MODEL DX D(IS=1E-15)
.MODEL QX NPN(BF=625)
*
.ENDS
*$
```

Figure 10